



## **Community Amateur Sports Clubs**

Since April 2002, many local amateur sports clubs have been able to register with HMRC as Community Amateur Sports Clubs (CASCs) and benefit from a range of tax reliefs including Gift Aid.

### **What kind of club can register?**

Broadly a club seeking to register must:

- be open to the whole community
- be organised on an amateur basis
- have as its main purpose providing facilities for, and promoting participation in, one or more eligible sports.

### **Open to the whole community**

A club is open to the whole community if:

- membership of the club is open without discrimination
- the club's facilities are open to members without discrimination, and
- any fees are set at a level that does not pose a significant obstacle to membership or use of the club's facilities.

### **Discrimination**

Discrimination includes:

- discrimination on grounds of ethnicity, nationality, sexual orientation, religion or beliefs
- discrimination on grounds of sex, age or disability, except as a necessary consequence of the requirements of a particular sport.

This does not prevent a club from having different classes of membership depending on:

- the age of the member
- whether the member is a student
- whether the member is waged or unwaged
- whether the member is a playing or a non-playing member
- how far from the club the member lives
- any restriction on the days or times when the member has access to the club's facilities.

If a club effectively discriminates by only accepting members who have already reached a certain standard it would not come within the CASC requirements.

## **Level of fees**

The legislation does not specify what an acceptable level of fees is, but most members of the community must be able to afford them. Clubs involved with inherently expensive sports that want to register as CASCs will need to be able to demonstrate that membership and participation is within the financial reach of the wider community. This might be achieved by using other income to cross-subsidise fees or by the club making club-owned equipment available for use by members at reduced rates.

## **Organised on an amateur basis**

A club is organised on an amateur basis if:

- it is non-profit making
- it provides for members and their guests only the ordinary benefits of an amateur sports club, and
- its governing document requires any net assets on the dissolution of the club to be applied for approved sporting or charitable purposes.

## **Non-profit making**

A club is non-profit making if its governing document requires any surplus income or gains to be reinvested in the club. Surpluses or assets cannot be distributed to members or third parties. This does not prevent donations to other clubs that are registered as Community Amateur Sports Clubs.

## **Ordinary benefits of an amateur sports club**

The ordinary benefits of an amateur sports club are:

- provision of sporting facilities
- reasonable provision and maintenance of club-owned sports equipment
- provision of suitably qualified coaches
- provision, or reimbursement of the costs, of coaching courses
- provision of insurance cover
- provision of medical treatment
- reimbursement of reasonable travel expenses incurred by players and officials travelling to away matches
- reasonable provision of post-match refreshments for players and match officials
- sale or supply of food or drink as a social adjunct to the sporting purposes of the club.

## **Payments to members**

A club is allowed to:

- enter into agreements with members for the supply to the club of goods or services or
- employ and pay remuneration to staff who are club members.

So a CASC could pay members for services such as coaching or grounds maintenance but would not, for example, normally pay members to play.

## **Eligible sports**

Eligible sports are defined in the legislation by reference to the Sports Council's list of recognised activities. The list is set out in an appendix to this factsheet.

## **How to register as a CASC**

Application should be made to HMRC's Sports Club Unit.

HMRC will notify the club either to confirm registration and the effective date or there might be a refusal to register. In this case some clubs may then be able to reapply at a later date if they change their rules.

HMRC have the discretion to make registration effective from a date before the application – often the beginning of the accounting period in which the application is made. Where a club has to change its rules to be registered, the registration is only effective from the date the revised rules were formally adopted.

Where it appears that a CASC is not entitled to be registered or is no longer entitled to be, HMRC may terminate the club's registration. HMRC may choose the date for deregistration. They must notify the club accordingly of the decision. In practice HMRC will write to the secretary of the club. There is no other provision for a club to be removed from the CASC register. A club cannot simply ask to be removed.

## **Tax Reliefs for Registered CASCs**

CASCs can reclaim basic rate tax on Gift Aid donations made to them by individuals but CASC subscriptions are not eligible as Gift Aid payments.

CASCs are treated as companies for tax purposes. Therefore their profits may be chargeable to corporation tax.

CASCs can claim the following tax reliefs:

- exemption from Corporation Tax on profits from trading where the turnover of the trade is less than £30,000
- exemption from Corporation Tax under Schedule A on income from property where the gross income is less than £20,000
- exemption from Corporation Tax on interest received
- exemption from Corporation Tax on chargeable gains.

If the club has only been a registered CASC for part of an accounting period the limits of £30,000 (for trading) and £20,000 (for income from property) are reduced proportionately. Only interest and gains received after the club is registered are exempted.

## **Example**

A CASC runs a trade with turnover of £40,000 and profit of £6,000. Because the turnover exceeds the £30,000 limit the profit is taxable. The CASC also has gross rental income of £12,000. The gross rental income is below the exemption limit and is not taxable.

## Claiming the tax reliefs

Where a CASC receives a tax return, relief can be claimed in the return. However most clubs do not receive a tax return each year. If the club has had tax deducted from its income or if it has received Gift Aid payments, it can claim a repayment from HMRC.

## Non-domestic rates relief

CASCs in England and Wales get the same relief that would be available to a charity (80% mandatory relief) where the CASC property is wholly or mainly used for the purposes of that club. For CASCs in Scotland, the Scottish Executive has agreed voluntary relief with local authorities for the same amount.

## Relief for donors

- Individuals can make gifts to CASCs using the Gift Aid scheme. We have a separate factsheet giving further details of the Gift Aid scheme.
- Businesses giving goods or equipment that they make, sell or use get relief for their gifts.
- Gifts of chargeable assets to CASCs are treated as giving rise to neither a gain nor a loss for capital gains purposes.

## How we can help

For further guidance or to see how we can help your club please contact:

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## APPENDIX – list of activities recognised by the Sports Council

|                           |                            |                        |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Aikido                    | Goalball                   | Racketball             |
| American Football         | Golf                       | Rackets                |
| Angling                   | Gymnastics                 | Rafting                |
| Aquathlon                 | Handball                   | Rambling               |
| Archery                   | Hang gliding/Paragliding   | Real Tennis            |
| Arm Wrestling             | Harness Racing             | Roller                 |
| Artistic Skating (roller) | Health and Beauty Exercise | Sports                 |
| Association Football      | Highland Games             | Rounders               |
| Athletics                 | Hockey                     | Rowing                 |
| Australian Rules Football | Horse Racing               | Rugby League           |
| Badminton                 | Horse Riding               | Rugby Union            |
| Ballooning                | Hovering                   | Sailing and Yachting   |
| Ballroom Dancing          | Hurling                    | Sand and Land Yachting |
| Baseball/Softball         | Ice Hockey                 | Shinty                 |
| Basketball                | Ice Skating                | Shooting               |
| Baton Twirling            | Jet Skiing                 | Show jumping           |
| Biathlon                  | Ju Jitsu                   | Skateboarding          |
| Bicycle Polo              | Judo                       | Skater hockey (roller) |

Billiards  
BMX  
Bobsleigh  
Boccia  
Bowls  
Boxing  
Camogie  
Canoeing  
Caving  
Chinese Martial Arts  
Clay Pigeon Shooting  
Cricket  
Croquet  
Curling  
Cycling  
Dance Sport  
Darts  
Disability Sport  
Diving  
Dodgeball  
Dragon Boat Racing  
Duathlon  
Equestrian  
Exercise and Fitness  
Fencing  
Fives  
Floorball  
Flying  
Folk Dancing  
Football  
Futsal  
Gaelic Football  
Gliding

Kabaddi  
Karate  
Keep Fit  
Kendo  
Kite Suring  
Knee Boarding  
Korfball  
Lacrosse  
Land-sailing/yachting  
Lawn Tennis  
Life Saving  
Luge  
Model Aircraft Flying  
Modern Pentathlon  
Motor Cruising  
Motor Cycling  
Motor Sports  
Mountain Biking  
Mountaineering  
Movement and Dance  
Netball  
Octopush  
Orienteering  
Parachuting  
Petanque  
Polo  
Polocrosse  
Pool  
Power Boating  
Powerlifting  
Puck Hockey (roller)  
Quoits

Skiing  
Skipping  
Snooker  
Snowboarding  
Softball  
Sombo  
Speedway  
Speed Skating (roller)  
Squash  
Stoolball  
Sub-Aqua  
Surf Life Saving  
Surfing  
Swimming and Diving  
Table Tennis  
Taekwondo  
Tang Soo Do  
Tenpin Bowling  
Trampolining  
Triathlon  
Tug of War  
Ultimate (Frisbee)  
Volleyball  
Wakeboarding  
Water Polo  
Water Skiing  
Weightlifting  
Wind Surfing  
Wrestling  
Yoga